## EDITORIAL NOTES

## A. PH. A. MEMBERSHIP PRIZES.

The following have received one year's membership in the A. Ph. A., as a prize for excellence in various studies:

Fred J. Kirchmeyer, St. Louis College of Pharmacy, for excellence in the past year's work

Woodrow Wilson Webb, University of Illinois, Chicago, Ill., the William Gray Prize.

Robert N. Watson, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N. Car., the Henry M. Burlage Prize, for excellence in Pharmaceutical subjects.

William L. Vollmer, Louisville College of Pharmaey, the Gordon L. Curry Prize, for greatest improvement in four-year course.

Walter Peregon, Wayne University, Detroit, Michigan, Faculty Award for second highest scholarship rating in graduating class.

Sister M. Sylvester Evan, Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, Pa., Department of Materia Medica, offered by Dr. Elbert Voss.

Harry F. Kennedy, Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, Pa., offered by Dean H. C. Muldoon, for excellence in Chemistry.

Victor L. Zuchowski, Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, Pa., offered by Professor Ralph B. Kreuer, for excellence in Pharmacy.

Robert D. Merchant, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, by Prof. E. V. Lynn, for excellence in Analytical Chemistry.

Warren K. Macurdy, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, by Prof. L. A. Thompson, for excellence in Pharmacy.

Norman R. Lacombe, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, by Prof. W. H. Glover, for excellence in Materia Medica.

Jonas H. Bond, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, by Prof. Irving P. Gammon, for excellence in Organic Chemistry.

Robert F. Larsen, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, by Prof. Leon C. Ellis, for excellence in Business Administration.

Benjamin M. McBride, Kansas City College of Pharmacy, by Dean D. V. Whitney, for scholarship.

Adolph Schulman, Brooklyn College of Pharmacy, for scholarship.

Laura Bell Gaulding, The Women's Organization of the Memphis Drug Club, Memphis, Tennessee, for scholarship. NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PHARMACY.

In the future the Board of Pharmacy will be guided by the following resolution in issuing permits to establishments not owned and operated by registered pharmacists:

WHEREAS, Surveys and available statistics gathered by the Board of Pharmacy of the State of New Jersey indicate clearly that the number of permits which have been issued for the operation of pharmacies and drug stores in this state is entirely adequate to meet the requirements of the public for necessary prescription services and other pharmaceutical needs, and

WHEREAS, There is a tendency on the part of corporations not owned by registered pharmacists of the State of New Jersey to add units to their chains of pharmacies and drug stores already in operation in the State of New Jersey, and

Whereas, The policy of these business interests engaged in multiplying the number of pharmacies or drug stores is largely one of using the permit to conduct a pharmacy or drug store as a cloak for carrying on unrelated merchandising activities, which may tend to reduce the availability of professional services now rendered by pharmacists, be it

Resolved, That the Board of Pharmacy of the State of New Jersey shall hereafter refuse to grant permits for the operation of pharmacies or drug stores in the State of New Jersey to individuals who are not registered pharmacists in the State of New Jersey and to corporations which are not owned and operated by pharmacists registered in the State of New Jersey, unless it can be shown that the issuance of permits to such organizations is a necessity from the standpoint of public health and welfare, and be it further

Resolved, That proper steps be taken to acquaint the people of New Jersey with the following facts:

- 1. That this action of the Board is not taken for the purpose of creating a monopoly for registered pharmacists, because it does not prevent persons who have qualified as pharmacists by examination and registration from engaging in open competition with other pharmacists in the field of service for which they have qualified.
- 2. That this action has been taken to limit or prevent, if possible, the destructive tactics of operators of so-called "cut rate" and "pine

board" stores whose principal objective is to demoralize and drive out of business existing pharmacies owned and operated by pharmacists legally qualified and ably supplying adequate professional services, thus creating an eventual monopoly of the practice of pharmacy by business interests which have no professional background and are interested solely in the financial returns from commerce in drugs and medicines.

3. That this resolution does not affect pharmacies or drug stores for which permits have already been issued and which are in actual operation at the time these resolutions are passed.

## MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA.

The Centennial and Commencement exercises of the Medical College of Virginia were held June 4th to 7th. The sermon was given by Dr. Beverley D. Tucker, in historic St. Paul's Church, on the night of June 5th.

On Tuesday morning, June 7th, the Centennial exercises proper were held. Greetings were extended by representatives of the State and City, the Founding College and others. Dr. Forest R. Moulton, Permanent Secretary of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, brought greetings in the name of science. Dr. Henry A. Christian, Hersey Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physics, Harvard Medical School, made the principal address of the day, his subject being "The Lure of Medicine." More than one hundred thirty delegates from various colleges, universities, State and National organizations attended the exercises.

Commencement exercises were held on the right of June 7th, one hundred thirty-nine young men and women receiving degrees in the four schools of Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy and Nursing. President J. Rion McKissick of the University of South Carolina delivered the address.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Science was conferred upon Dr. James Carroll Flippin, Dean, Department of Medicine, University of Virginia, at the final exercises.

Dr. E. F. Kelly represented the A. Ph. A. on this occasion.

The Indiana Pharmaceutical Association convention at French Lick Springs, June 21st to 23rd, was well attended. Nationally known speakers, as well as Indiana retailers and wholesalers, presented outstanding talks on various phases of the retail drug industry. Dr. Neal

Bowman, Temple University, Philadelphia, delivered an address on "A B C's of Selling;" Louis V. Eytinge, Royal Manufacturing Company of Duquesne, Chicago, stressed the benefits to be derived from "Determination;" Dr. K. K. Chen spoke on "Digitalis-Like Drugs Since the Time of William Withering." Fair Trade problems were discussed by A. C. Fritz, secretary of the Indianapolis Drug Club.

## RUDOLPH MATAS RECEIVES DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL.

The first medal for distinguished service to scientific medicine to be awarded by the American Medical Association was given to Rudolph Matas, surgeon, of New Orleans, by the House of Delegates in the election held June 13th. The recipient of this medal is chosen by a process of selection which insures choice of an outstanding physician and scientist.

The first College of Pharmacy in the United States was founded in 1821, one hundred and seventeen years ago. During the following fifty years the number of pharmacy schools had increased to a total of eleven. All of these except one were located in large cities and were convenient for the druggists' apprentices in the cities in which they were. It was a long time before others than apprentices were attracted as matriculants in the courses in pharmacy. The University of Michigan in 1868, offered instruction in pharmacy as a part of the university curricula. This was the beginning of pharmacy colleges in state universities. To-day more than one-half of our pharmacy colleges and schools have university and college connection and state support.

In the seventies, eighties and nineties there was a marked growth in the number of colleges of pharmacy established at the state universities. This was true chiefly of those states east of the Appalachian Mountains. At about this same time laws regulating the practice of pharmacy were enacted by many states. Boards of Pharmacy likewise came into being in rapid succession.

The pharmacist of the future is bound to be an educated man. He will know pharmacy and appreciate its traditions. Furthermore, he will know why he is a pharmacist, and why people want his services. He will be a better scientist and a great humanitarian. He will be informed in the arts and be classed as a cultured person.